

**NORDIC SEAFOOD A/S
SØREN NORDBYSVEJ 15
9850 HIRTSHALS**

ANNUAL REPORT


2017

1 JANUARY – 31 DECEMBER 2017

30th FINANCIAL YEAR

**The Annual Report was presented
and adopted at the Annual General
Meeting of the Company on**

23 / 4 2018


Chairman of the Meeting

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MANAGEMENT'S STATEMENT

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Nordic Seafood A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent Company's financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations and cash flows for 2017.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of matters addressed in the Review.

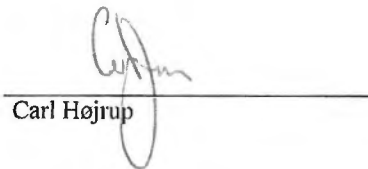
We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hirtshals 23 April 2018

Executive board:

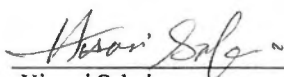


Lars Hermes Olsen

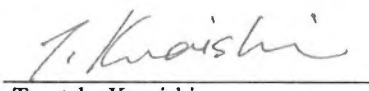


Carl Højrup

Board of Directors:



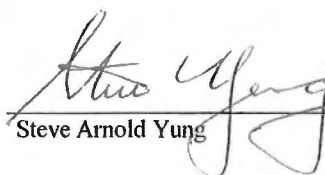
Hisami Sakai
Chairman



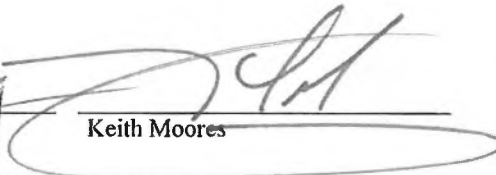
Terutaka Kuraishi



Norio Hosomi



Steve Arnold Yung



Keith Moores

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Nordic Seafood A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2017, and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations as well as the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of Nordic Seafood A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company, as well as consolidated statement of cash flows ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Parent Company Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Parent Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

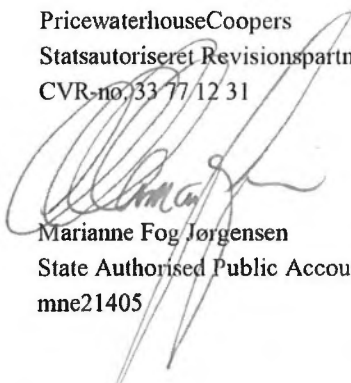
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

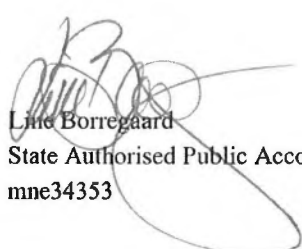
We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Aalborg 23 April 2018

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR-no. 33 77 12 31



Marianne Fog Jørgensen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne21405

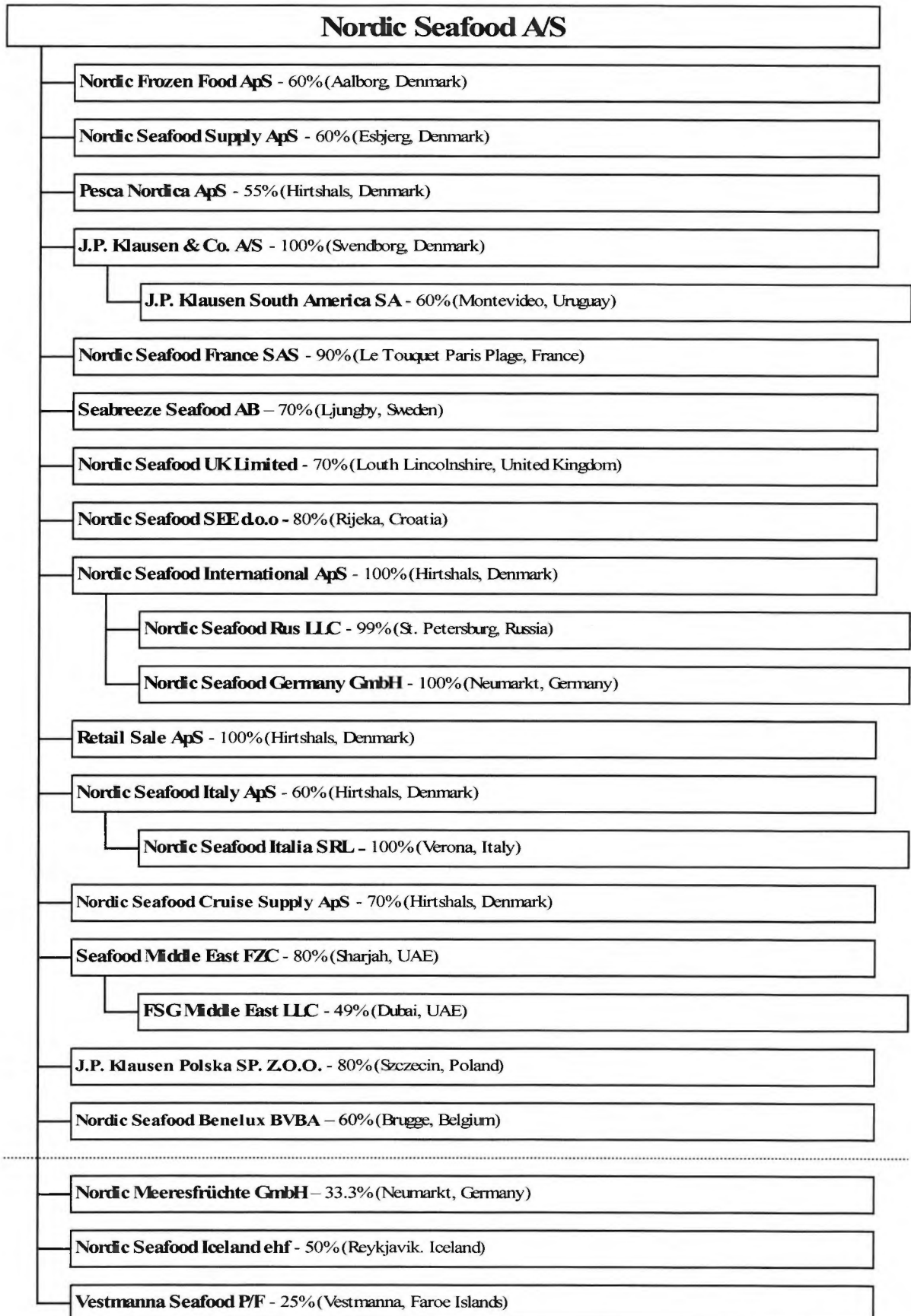


Line Borregaard
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne34353

COMPANY INFORMATION

Company	Nordic Seafood A/S Søren Nordbysvej 15 9850 Hirtshals
	Telephone: +45 98 94 15 33
	Website: www.nordicseafood.com
	E-mail: mail@nordicseafood.com
	CVR No: 11 14 21 41
	Established: 1. juni 1987
	Registered Office: Hirtshals
	Financial Year: 1. januar – 31. december
Board of Directors	Hisami Sakai, Chairman Terutaka Kuraishi Norio Hosomi Steve Arnold Yung Keith Moores
Executive Board	Lars Hermes Olsen Carl Højrup
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Skelagervej 1A DK-9000 Aalborg
Bankers	Spar Nord Bank A/S Skelagervej 15 9000 Aalborg
	Danske Bank Albani Torv 2 og 3, 2 sal 5000 Odense C

GROUP CHART



KEY FIGURES AND RATIOS OF THE GROUP

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000
Income statement					
Net revenue	3,023.165	2,733.175	2,760.571	2,778.789	2,602.843
Gross profit	163.703	148.176	143.534	144.962	140.667
Operating profit	79.206	67.717	64.812	67.572	65.866
Profit before tax	72.297	60.966	57.358	61.301	60.099
Profit for the year	56.260	46.732	43.141	45.992	45.789
Balance sheet					
Fixed assets	78.732	59.769	35.348	38.540	43.641
Current assets	1,081.513	944.220	937.672	952.352	806.839
Balance sheet total	1,160.245	1,003.989	973.020	990.892	850.480
Equity	310.600	286.972	256.720	237.774	199.014
Provision for liabilities	2.166	3.117	1.513	2.178	1.080
Long-term liabilities	32.290	5.200	6.000	6.800	7.600
Current liabilities	815.189	708.700	708.787	744.140	642.786
Liabilities	847.479	713.900	714.787	750.940	650.386
Cash flows					
Cash flows from:					
- operating activities	-53.185	113.328	26.802	-98.472	28.211
- investing activities	-24.800	-29.926	-3.646	-1.046	-1.004
including investment in tangible fixed assets	-21.450	-31.521	-5.360	-4.630	-3.482
- financing activities	11.340	-22.885	-25.843	-13.572	-16.777
Change in cash and cash equivalents for the year	-66.645	60.517	-2.687	-113.090	10.430
Ratios					
Gross margin	5,41%	5,42%	5,20%	5,21%	5,40%
(gross profit as % of revenue)					
Profit margin	2,62%	2,48%	2,35%	2,43%	2,53%
(operating profit as % of net revenue)					
Rate of return	7,32%	6,85%	6,60%	7,34%	8,41%
(operating profit as % of aver. balance sheet total)					
Equity ratio (solvency ratio)	26,77%	28,58%	26,38%	24,00%	23,40%
(equity as % of assets, end of year)					
Return on equity	24,20%	22,43%	23,20%	28,07%	32,62%
(profit before tax as % of aver. equity)					
Average number of employees	149	139	131	131	128
Index for net revenue	116	105	106	107	100
Index for gross profit	116	105	102	103	100
Index for profit before tax	120	101	95	102	100

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Principal activities

Like previous years the principal activities comprise import, packing and sale of seafood.

The Group is also responsible for the sale of Nissui controlled companies' products in the European market.

Development in the financial year and results for the year

In the financial year 2017 the Group realized a profit for the year of DKK 56,3 million compared to DKK 46,7 million in 2016.

The profit for the year and the financial development were satisfactory and in line with our expectations.

Events after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the financial year-end that may have a significant impact on the financial position of the Group.

Future prospects

For the financial year 2018 a continued positive development in the activities of the Group is expected.

The Group expects a result for the financial year 2018 in the interval DKK 50-55 million.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Nordic Seafood A/S is a Company trading with food and therefore the Company has a high standard regarding quality control and food safety. Moreover, the Company actively considers the environment by involving environmental considerations in the day-to-day running of the Company.

The Company has internal guidelines, policies and goals which ensure that the employees work in a healthy working environment and that they have the best possible working conditions. To secure the future growth and to maintain the high level of healthy working environment it was decided to extend our office facilities in Hirtshals. The construction has taken place during 2016 and were finalized in April 2017.

In financial year 2017 there have been no work accidents to report. In the financial year 2016 there was two work accidents however non of those accidents has resulted in sick leave.

Nordic Seafood A/S is FSSC22000 certified. The Company supports sustainable fishery and a number of the Nordic Seafood Group's products are MSC (Marine Stewardship Council) and ASC (Aquaculture Stewardship Council) certified. In the financial year the sales of certified products amounts to 35% of the total sales. In 2016 sales of certified products amounts to 32% of total sales.

The company has in 2017 renewed the cooperation with WWF (World Wildlife Fund) for another two years with a view to having increased the ASC-certification of the shrimp farms in Vietnam.

The Company is also conscious regarding the external responsibility in relation to the companies and countries with which Nordic Seafood A/S cooperates. Thereby it is a long-term goal to trade with suppliers who take social responsibility seriously and who thereby create a positive development in the neighboring areas among the suppliers in question. We follow International Labour Organisation's guidelines in relation to human rights.

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

The above guidelines, policies and goals are optimized on an ongoing basis whereby the above matters are constantly up-to-date and in accordance with the Company's overall objective regarding social responsibility. When we communicate with suppliers in developing countries we clearly state, that human rights and social responsibility are core values in Nordic Seafood and key conditions for developing a long term relationship.

As we are a trading company we have no policy regarding climate.

Report of the Gender Composition in Management, cf. Section 99b of the Danish Financial Statements Act

Target for the Board of Directors

Nordic Seafood A/S is owned and controlled by Nippon Suisan Kaisha Ltd (Nissui) which is listed in Japan. Nordic Seafood A/S' Board of Directors is formed by executive board members and board of directors members appointed from companies within the Nissui group. Members who have a direct and natural association with the Nordic Seafood Group's business area.

Currently there are no female Board of Directors representatives. In consideration of the owners of the Company as described above, the Company has in 2015 stated an objective to appoint one female board member (or 40%) within the next 10 years, at the latest in 2025..

No changes have been implemented in 2017.

Equality in other levels of management

Nordic Seafood A/S has prepared an equal opportunities policy applicable to all levels of management. Thereby the Company will focus on attracting female candidates at all levels however the right qualifications will always be the most important parameter when occupying positions at all levels.

In 2016 a female HR-manager was appointed but in 2017 no female managers has been appointed.

Branches abroad

The Group has a branch in the Netherlands.

Special risks

The Group considers the trade with high-quality food products and food safety to be of the highest priority. The import of food from third countries is constantly influenced by various legal measures from both local authorities as well as from the EU.

Price risks

The Group's products are purchased all over the world and consequently they have long transport time. Changes in prices during the transport and stock period might influence the profit of the Group, both positively and negatively.

Currency risks

As a consequence of foreign trade, profit and cash-flow are influenced by the development in the foreign exchange rates, especially USD, GBP, AED, CAD, RUB, NOK and SEK. It is Group policy to hedge the commercial foreign currency risks.

No speculative foreign currency positions are entered into.

INCOME STATEMENT
1 JANUARY – 31 DECEMBER

	Note	Group		Parent Company	
		2017 DKK '000	2016 DKK '000	2017 DKK '000	2016 DKK '000
NET REVENUE		3.023.165	2.733.175	1.656.279	1.483.486
Cost of goods sold.....		-2.805.349	-2.538.744	-1.543.825	-1.376.755
Other external expenses.....		-54.352	-46.357	-26.386	-22.080
Other operating income.....		239	102	8	0
GROSS PROFIT		163.703	148.176	86.076	84.651
Staff expenses.....	1,14	-76.413	-73.388	-41.349	-40.484
Depreciation, amortisation and write-down.....	2	-8.022	-7.069	-5.451	-3.219
Other operating expenses.....		-62	-2	-62	0
OPERATING PROFIT		79.206	67.717	39.214	40.948
Income from investments in subsidiaries .	3	0	0	20.908	11.014
Income from investments in associates	4	1.961	629	1.961	629
Interest income group enterprises.....		0	0	8	5
Other financial income.....		288	293	30	20
Interest expenses group enterprises.....		-882	-891	-1.312	-1.273
Other financial expenses.....		-8.276	-6.782	-3.453	-1.979
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		72.297	60.966	57.356	49.364
Tax on profit for the year.....	5	-16.037	-14.234	-7.613	-8.349
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		56.260	46.732	49.743	41.015
PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF PROFIT					
Minority interests' share of profit in subsidiaries.....		6.517	5.717	0	0
Dividend for the financial year.....		20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000
Allocation to reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		0	0	1.881	4.955
Retained profit.....		29.743	21.015	27.862	16.060
TOTAL		56.260	46.732	49.743	41.015

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER

ASSETS	Note	Group		Parent Company	
		31/12 2017 DKK '000	31/12 2016 DKK '000	31/12 2017 DKK '000	31/12 2016 DKK '000
Licenses and other rights		2.157	1.825	2.157	1.825
Goodwill.....		4.882	1.245	0	0
Intangible fixed assets	6	7.039	3.070	2.157	1.825
Land and buildings.....		52.518	17.569	52.518	17.569
Production plant and machinery		6.967	975	6.967	975
Other plants, fixtures and equipment.....		8.626	5.159	4.956	3.456
Tangible fixed assets under construction .		0	29.797	0	29.797
Tangible fixed assets	6	68.111	53.500	64.441	51.797
Investments in subsidiaries	7	0	0	113.521	95.435
Investments in associates	8	3.582	3.199	3.582	3.199
Fixed asset investments		3.582	3.199	117.103	98.634
FIXED ASSETS		78.732	59.769	183.701	152.256
Finished goods and goods for resale		629.436	493.454	520.200	359.573
Prepayments for goods.....		41.195	39.620	19.123	27.650
Inventories		670.631	533.074	539.323	387.223
Trade receivables		379.505	361.367	230.186	196.313
Amounts due from subsidiaries		0	0	737	851
Other receivables.....	9	1.399	16.127	3.800	7.191
Corporation tax		0	0	4.728	3.295
Prepayments and accrued income		3.378	2.734	2.433	2.170
Accounts receivable		384.282	380.228	241.884	209.820
Current investments		3.175	3.297	65	65
Cash		23.425	27.621	1.043	1.069
CURRENT ASSETS		1.081.513	944.220	782.315	598.177
ASSETS		1.160.245	1.003.989	966.016	750.433

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	Group		Parent Company	
		31/12 2017 DKK '000	31/12 2016 DKK '000	31/12 2017 DKK '000	31/12 2016 DKK '000
Share capital.....		1.650	1.650	1.650	1.650
Reserves for net revaluation under the equity method.....		0	0	44.683	42.802
Reserves for fair value of hedging instruments.....		-1.791	5.470	-1.344	3.602
Retained profit.....		259.637	232.853	214.507	191.919
Proposed dividend for the year.....		20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000
Capital and reserves attributable to owners		279.496	259.973	279.496	259.973
Minority interests.....		31.104	26.999	0	0
EQUITY	10	310.600	286.972	279.496	259.973
Deferred tax.....	11	2.166	3.117	1.951	2.272
PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES		2.166	3.117	1.951	2.272
Long-term liabilities	12	32.290	5.200	32.290	5.200
Current portion of long-term liabilities	12	6.688	800	6.688	800
Debt to banks.....		491.992	429.260	392.244	267.079
Prepayments received from customers.....		4.446	5.672	1.556	977
Trade payables.....		261.971	224.036	159.877	137.864
Amounts due to subsidiaries.....		0	0	47.207	40.842
Amounts due to associates.....		2.881	1.383	3.023	1.383
Corporation tax.....		2.130	4.447	0	0
Other debt.....	9	45.081	43.102	41.684	34.043
Current liabilities		815.189	708.700	652.279	482.988
LIABILITIES		847.479	713.900	684.569	488.188
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1.160.245	1.003.989	966.016	750.433
Contingencies etc.....	13				
Mortgages and securities.....	14				
Related parties.....	15				
Ownership.....	16				
Proposed distribution of profit.....	17				
Fee to auditors appointed by the General Meeting.....	18				
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CASH FLOW STATEMENT 1 JANUARY – 31 DECEMBER

	Group		Parent Company	
	2017 DKK '000	2016 DKK '000	2017 DKK '000	2016 DKK '000
Profit for the year	56.260	46.732	49.743	41.015
Reversed depreciation of the year	8.022	7.069	5.451	3.219
Other adjustments.....	-372	187	1.438	-513
Profit from subsidiaries, associates and current investment	-1.961	-819	-22.869	-11.643
Reversed tax on profit for the year	16.037	14.234	7.613	8.349
Corporation tax paid.....	-13.662	-10.319	-7.971	-5.494
Change in inventory	-138.595	15.350	-152.101	-28.857
Change in accounts receivable	-22.059	9.526	-35.953	-12.537
Change in current liabilities	43.145	31.368	35.831	52.215
Cash flows from operating activities	-53.185	113.328	-118.818	45.754
Purchase of intangible fixed assets.....	-6.119	-1.535	-694	-1.535
Purchase of tangible fixed assets.....	-21.450	-31.521	-18.193	-31.024
Sale of tangible fixed assets	1.128	514	407	0
Purchase of financial investments	0	0	-16.587	0
Sale of financial investments.....	129	519	0	0
Dividend received in the financial year.....	1.512	2.097	15.716	9.008
Cash flows from investing activities.....	-24.800	-29.926	-19.351	-23.551
Proceeds from long-term borrowing	34.609	0	34.609	0
Repayments of loans	-1.631	-800	-1.631	-800
Dividend paid in the financial year	-26.368	-22.085	-20.000	-18.000
Injection of new capital	4.730	0	0	0
Cash flows from financing activities.....	11.340	-22.885	12.978	-18.800
Change in cash and cash equivalents.....	-66.645	60.517	-125.191	3.403
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January.....	-401.640	-459.961	-266.010	-269.413
Exchange adjustment of cash and cash equivalents	-282	-2.196	0	0
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	-468.567	-401.640	-391.201	-266.010

NOTES

	Group		Parent Company		Note
	2017 DKK '000	2016 DKK '000	2017 DKK '000	2016 DKK '000	
Staff expenses					1
Average number of employees.....	149	139	72	68	
Amount of total staff expenses:					
Wages and salaries	64.263	61.865	33.991	33.302	
Pensions	8.638	8.302	6.661	6.443	
Other social security expenses	3.512	3.221	697	739	
	76.413	73.388	41.349	40.484	
Depreciation, amortisation and write-down					2
Licenses and other rights	363	307	363	307	
Goodwill.....	1.788	2.801	0	0	
Properties.....	2.652	1.409	2.652	1.409	
Production plant and machinery	910	381	910	381	
Other plants, fixtures and equipment.....	2.309	2.171	1.526	1.122	
	8.022	7.069	5.451	3.219	
Income from investments in subsidiaries					3
Share of profit before tax	0	0	27.405	15.442	
Share of tax in subsidiaries.....	0	0	-6.497	-4.428	
	0	0	20.908	11.014	
Income from investments in associates					4
Share of profit before tax	2.407	1.209	2.407	1.209	
Share of tax in associates	-446	-580	-446	-580	
	1.961	629	1.961	629	
Tax on profit for the year					5
Computed tax on taxable income of the year	15.150	14.172	6.538	8.085	
Adjustment of deferred tax.....	933	141	1.075	264	
Adjustment of tax previous years.....	-46	-79	0	0	
	16.037	14.234	7.613	8.349	

NOTES

Note

Intangible fixed assets

6

	Group		Parent Company	
	Licenses and other rights	Goodwill	Licenses and other rights	Goodwill
	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
Cost at 1 January	6.662	34.504	6.662	0
Exchange adjustments	0	-108	0	0
Additions	695	5.424	695	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0
Cost at 31 December	7.357	39.820	7.357	0
Amortisation at 1 January	4.837	33.259	4.837	0
Exchange adjustments	0	-109	0	0
Amortisation	363	1.788	363	0
Amortisation sold assets	0	0	0	0
Amortisation at 31 December	5.200	34.938	5.200	0
Carrying amount at 31 December	2.157	4.882	2.157	0

NOTES

Note

Tangible fixed assets

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	Group			
	Land and buildings DKK'000	Production plant and machinery DKK'000	Other plants, fixtures and equipment DKK'000	Tangible fixed assets under construction DKK'000
Cost at 1 January	38.712	16.466	15.109	29.797
Exchange adjustments	0	0	-108	0
Additions	10.154	2.235	6.744	2.317
Transfers	27.447	4.667	0	-32.114
Disposals	0	0	-2.972	0
Cost at 31 December	76.313	23.368	18.773	0
Depreciation at 1 January	21.143	15.491	9.950	0
Exchange adjustments	0	0	-91	0
Depreciation	2.652	910	2.309	0
Depreciation sold assets	0	0	-2.021	0
Depreciation at 31 December	23.795	16.401	10.147	0
Carrying amount at 31 December	52.518	6.967	8.626	0
	Parent Company			
	Land and buildings DKK'000	Production plant and machinery DKK'000	Other plants, fixtures and equipment DKK'000	Tangible fixed assets under construction DKK'000
Cost at 1 January	38.712	16.466	9.217	29.797
Additions	10.154	2.235	3.487	2.317
Transfers	27.447	4.667	0	-32.114
Disposals	0	0	-923	0
Cost at 31 December	76.313	23.368	11.781	0
Depreciation at 1 January	21.143	15.491	5.761	0
Depreciation	2.652	910	1.526	0
Depreciation sold assets	0	0	-462	0
Depreciation at 31 December	23.795	16.401	6.825	0
Carrying amount at 31 December	52.518	6.967	4.956	0

NOTES

	Parent Company		Note
	31/12 2017 DKK '000	31/12 2016 DKK '000	
Investments in subsidiaries			7
Cost at 1 January	53.757	53.757	
Additions	16.588	0	
Disposals	0	0	
Cost at 31 December	70.345	53.757	
Revaluation at 1 January	41.678	35.543	
Exchange adjustments	-2.892	833	
Dividend to parent company	-14.204	-6.911	
Profit for the year	20.908	11.014	
Adjustment of equity in subsidiaries	-2.314	1.199	
Revaluation, disposal	0	0	
Revaluation at 31 December	43.176	41.678	
Carrying amount at 31 December	113.521	95.435	

Name and registered office	Equity	Profit for the year	Ownership	Parent Company	
				Equity	Profit for the year
Nordic Frozen Food ApS, Aalborg, Denmark	29.115	1.948	60%	17.469	1.169
Nordic Seafood Supply ApS, Esbjerg, Denmark ..	6.150	5.950	80%	4.920	4.760
NSS Esbjerg ApS, Esbjerg, Denmark (liquidated)	0	183	60%	0	110
Pesca Nordica ApS, Hirtshals, Denmark	2.624	774	55%	1.443	426
J.P. Klausen & Co A/S, Svendborg, Denmark.....	32.076	8.789	100%	32.076	8.789
Nordic Seafood France SAS, Le Touquet Paris Plage, France	3.387	954	90%	3.048	859
Nordic Seafood UK Ltd Louth Lincolnshire, United Kingdom	6.408	3.856	70%	4.486	2.143
Nordic Seafood International ApS Hirtshals, Denmark.....	5.640	8	100%	5.640	8
Nordic Seafood SEE d.o.o., Rijeka, Croatia	1.838	310	80%	1.470	248
Retail Sale ApS *), Hirtshals, Denmark	573	341	100%	100	0
Nordic Seafood Italy ApS, Hirtshals, Denmark....	8.127	3.347	60%	4.876	2.008
Seafood Middle East FZC, Dubai, UAE	21.004	65	80%	16.803	218
J.P. Klausen Polska Sp. z.o.o., Szczecin, Poland..	4.975	527	80%	3.980	422
Nordic Seafood Cruice Supply ApS Hirtshals, Denmark	1.883	1.783	70%	1.318	1.248
Seabreeze Seafood AB, Ljungby, Sweden.....	15.811	612	70%	11.068	428
Nordic Seafood Benelux BVBA Brugge, Belgium	-96	-234	60%	-58	-140
				108.639	22.696
Goodwill at 31 December 2017				4.882	
Goodwill, amortisation of the year					-1.788
				113.521	20.908

*) The Parent Company own the majority shareholding in Retail Sale ApS, but can't claim dividend, for which reason the shareholding is valued at cost price.

NOTES

	Group		Parent Company		Note
	31/12 2017	31/12 2016	31/12 2017	31/12 2016	
	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000	
Investments in associates					8
Cost at 1 January	2.075	2.075	2.075	2.075	
Additions	0	0	0	0	
Disposals	0	0	0	0	
Cost at 31 December	2.075	2.075	2.075	2.075	
Revaluation at 1 January	1.124	2.304	1.124	2.304	
Exchange adjustment at closing rate	-66	288	-66	288	
Dividend to parent company	-1.512	-2.097	-1.512	-2.097	
Profit for the year	1.961	629	1.961	629	
Revaluation at 31 December	1.507	1.124	1.507	1.124	
Carrying amount at 31 December	3.582	3.199	3.582	3.199	

Investments are specified as follows (DKK '000):

Name and registered office.	Equity	Profit for the year	Ownership	Parent Company	
				Equity	Profit for the year
Nordic Meeresfrüchte G.m.b.H., Neumarkt, Germany	2.303	2.063	33,3%	768	688
Nordic Seafood Iceland ehf. Reykjavik, Iceland	3.850	348	50,0%	1.925	174
Vestmanna Seafood P/F Vestmanna, The Faroe Islands	3.555	4.395	25,0%	889	1.099
				3.582	1.961

Derivative financial instruments

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Derivative financial instruments contracts in the form of forward exchange contracts have been concluded.

At the balance sheet date, the fair value of derivative financial instruments amounts to:

	Group		Parent Company		Note
	31/12 2017	31/12 2016	31/12 2017	31/12 2016	
	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000	
Assets	0	7.161	0	5.323	
Liabilities	2.939	0	2.405	0	

Forward exchange contracts have been concluded to hedge future purchase and sale of goods in foreign currencies. At the balance sheet date, the nominal value of the exchange contracts amounts to DKK 225.4 million for the Parent Company and DKK 297.6 million for the Group. According to group foreign currency policy all purchases and sales are hedged when it is likely that the underlying contract will be fulfilled. Purchase contracts have been hedged for a period of 1-12 month and sales contracts for a period of 1-10 month.

NOTES

Note

Equity

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DKK '000	Group					
	Share capital	Reserve for hedging transactions	Retained profit	Proposed dividend	Minority interests	Total
Equity at 1 January.....	1.650	5.470	232.853	20.000	26.999	286.972
Dividend distributed.....	-	-	-	-20.000	-6.368	-26.368
Net profit/loss for the year.....	-	-	29.743	20.000	6.517	56.260
Exchange adjustments.....	-	-	-2.959	-	-668	-3.627
Additions.....	-	-	-	-	4.730	4.730
Adjustment hedging instruments.....	-	-7.261	-	-	-106	-7.367
Equity at 31 December.....	1.650	-1.791	259.637	20.000	31.104	310.600

DKK '000	Parent Company					
	Share capital	Net revaluation under the equity method	Reserve for hedging transactions	Retained profit	Proposed dividend	Total
Equity at 1 January.....	1.650	42.802	3.602	191.919	20.000	259.973
Dividend distributed.....	-	-	-	-	-20.000	-20.000
Net profit/loss for the year.....	-	1.881	-	27.862	20.000	49.743
Exchange adjustments.....	-	-	-	-2.959	-	-2.959
Adjustment hedging instruments.....	-	-	-4.946	-	-	-4.946
Adjustment in subsidiaries.....	-	-	-	-2.315	-	-2.315
Equity at 31 December.....	1.650	44.683	-1.344	214.507	20.000	279.496

31/12 2017 31/12 2016
DKK '000 DKK '000

Share capital

A-shares 1,650,007 shares in the denomination of DKK 1..... 1.650 1.650

NOTES

	Group		Parent Company		Note
	31/12 2017	31/12 2016	31/12 2017	31/12 2016	
	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000	
Deferred tax					11
Deferred tax liability at 1 January	3.117	1.513	2.272	1.060	
Amounts recognised in the income statement for the year	933	141	1.075	264	
Amounts recognised in equity for the year	-1.884	1.463	-1.396	948	
Deferred tax liability at 31 December.....	2.166	3.117	1.951	2.272	
Deferred tax concerns:					
Fixed assets	2.470	1.189	1.351	780	
Current assets	-304	1.928	600	1.492	
	2.166	3.117	1.951	2.272	
					Note
Long-term liabilities					12
	Total	Total	Repayment	Long-term	Debt
DKK '000	liabilities	liabilities	next year	liabilities	outstanding
	1/1 2017	31/12 2017		31/12 2017	after 5 years
Bank loan	6.000	5.200	5.200	0	0
Mortgage debt	0	33.778	1.488	32.290	26.090
Parent company, total.....	6.000	38.978	6.688	32.290	26.090
Group, total.....	6.000	38.978	6.688	32.290	26.090

NOTES

Contingencies etc.

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The Parent Company payments under operation leases concerning cars is 191 DKK'000. The remaining terms is 2-16 month.

The Parent Company has issued joint and several surety for J.P. Klausen Co. A/S', Nordic Seafood Rus LLC', Seabreeze Seafood AB' and Nordic Seafood France SAS' engagement with banks.

The Group payments for office premises concerning contracts which are terminable with 1-129 month notice is 5.434 DKK'000.

The Group payments under operation leases concerning cars and computer equipment is 3.318 DKK'000. The remaining terms is 2-49 month.

Except as mentioned above, the Parent Company and the Group have no guarantee and warranty obligations, or other contingent liabilities.

The Group's Danish companies are joint and several liable regarding tax on the Group's jointly taxed income etc. The total due corporation tax amount is shown in the Annual Report of Nordic Seafood A/S which is the administrative company in relation to the joint taxation. The Group's Danish companies are also joint and several liable for Danish tax at source in the form of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent corrections to corporation taxes and tax at source may result in the Company's liabilities constituting a larger amount.

Mortgages and securities

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As security for the engagement with Realkredit Danmark the following has been deposited:

Mortgage deed on the property Søren Nordbysvej, matr.nr. 13 CM Horne By, nominal value DKK '000.....	34.609
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The book value of the above property is 52.518 DKK'000

NOTES

Related parties

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Nordic Seafood A/S' related parties include:

Controlling interest

Nippon Suisan (Europe) B.V., Hoger Einde-Zuid 6, 1191 AG, Ouderkerk aan de Amstel, The Netherlands

Other related parties having performed transactions with the Company

Nordic Seafood A/S' related parties having a significant influence comprise subsidiaries and associates as well as the companies' Board of Directors, Board of Executives and executive officers.

Transactions with related parties

The group has been buying and selling goods on general arm's length terms with affiliated companies within the Nissui group and the Sealord group.

There has not been made any payments to the board, neither in the financial year 2017 nor in the financial year 2016. The payment (inclusive incentive payment) to the management amounts to 7.210 DKK'000 in the financial year 2017 against 9.027 DKK'000 in the financial year 2016.

There have been no transactions with the Board of Directors, Board of Executives, executive officers, shareholders or other related parties during the year besides the intercompany transactions which have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements, and normal remuneration of Board of Directors and Executives (as mentioned above).

Ownership

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The following shareholders are recorded in the Company's register of shareholders as owning more than 5% of the votes or the share capital:

Nippon Suisan (Europe) B.V.

Hoger Einde-Zuid 6, 1191 AG, Ouderkerk aan de Amstel, The Netherlands

The Company's ultimate parent is:

Nippon Suisan Kaisha Ltd., Nishi-Shimbashi Square, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-8676 Japan

www.nissui.co.jp

NOTES

	Group		Parent Company		Note
	2017 DKK '000	2016 DKK '000	2017 DKK '000	2016 DKK '000	
Proposed distribution of profit					17
Minority interests' share of profit in subsidiaries	6.517	5.717	0	0	
Dividend for the financial year	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	
Allocation to reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	0	0	1.880	4.955	
Retained profit	29.743	21.015	27.863	16.060	
	56.260	46.732	49.743	41.015	
Fee to auditors appointed by the General Meeting					18
Audit	661	574	220	217	
Other statement	50	82	50	89	
Tax consultancy	363	151	343	112	
Other services	100	196	38	13	
	1.174	1.003	651	431	
Segment details					19
Revenue:					
Scandinavia	758.423	556.584	545.966	467.423	
Europe	1.860.764	1.910.822	1.058.257	992.755	
Other countries	404.388	265.769	52.056	23.308	
	3.023.165	2.733.175	1.656.279	1.483.486	

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Annual Report of Nordic Seafood A/S has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act as regards large reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are consistent with the policies applied last year

Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in DKK'000.

General information about recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as and when it is earned, including recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Any costs, including depreciation, amortisation and write-down, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is likely that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

The initial recognition measures assets and liabilities at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described in the following for each item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, recognising a constant effective interest over the term. Amortised cost is stated at initial cost less any deductions and with addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation on the difference between cost and nominal amount.

The recognition and measurement takes into account predictable losses and risks arising before the year-end reporting and which prove or disprove matters that existed at the balance sheet date.

The carrying amount of tangible fixed assets should be estimated annually to determine if there is any indication of impairment in excess of the amount reflected by normal amortisation or depreciation. If this is the case, write-down should be made to the lower recoverable amount.

Consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements include the parent company Nordic Seafood A/S and its subsidiary enterprises in which Nordic Seafood A/S directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting rights or in any other way has a controlling influence. Enterprises in which the group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and exercises significant, but not controlling influence, are considered associates, see the group chart.

The consolidated financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the parent company and the subsidiary enterprises by combining uniform accounts items. Intercompany income and expenses, shareholdings, internal balances and dividend, and realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from transactions between the consolidated enterprises are fully eliminated in the consolidation.

New acquired or established enterprises are recognised in the consolidated financial statements from the time of acquisition. Sold or wound up enterprises are recognised in the consolidated income statement up to the time of disposal. Comparative figures are not adjusted for new acquired, sold or wound up enterprises.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investments in subsidiary enterprises are set off by the proportional share of the subsidiary enterprises' market value of net assets and liabilities at the acquisition date.

Positive differences between acquisition value and market value of acquired and identified assets and liabilities, inclusive of provision for liabilities for restructuring, are recognised in intangible fixed assets as goodwill and amortised systematically in the income statement under an individual assessment of the useful life. Negative differences which correspond to an expected unfavourable development in the enterprises are recognised as negative goodwill under accruals in the balance sheet and recognised in the income statement as and when the unfavourable development is realised.

Investments in associates are measured in the balance sheet at the proportional share of the value of the enterprises, calculated according to the accounting policies of the parent company and eliminating proportionally any unrealised intercompany gains and losses. The proportional share of the results of the associates is recognised in the income statement after elimination of the proportional share of internal gains and losses.

Minority interests

The accounting items of the subsidiary enterprises are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements. The minority interests' proportional share of the results and equity of the subsidiary enterprises is adjusted annually and stated as separate items in the income statement and balance sheet.

Foreign currency translation

All companies in the group have determined a functional currency which is the currency that the relevant enterprise primarily is affected by when fixing prices for purchase and sale. All transactions are measured in the functional currency. Foreign currencies are all other currencies than the functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange on the transaction date. Exchange differences arising between the rate on the transaction date and the rate on the payment date are recognised in the income statement as a financial income or expense.

Accounts receivable, payable and other monetary items in foreign currencies that are not settled on the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate on the balance sheet date and the exchange rate at the time of occurrence of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement as financial income or expenses.

Associates are translated to the presentation currency of the group. The group's share of results is translated at an average exchange rate and the investment is translated at the rate on the balance sheet date. Exchange rate adjustments are recognised separately in the equity.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

INCOME STATEMENT

Net revenue

Net revenue from sale of merchandise and finished goods is recognised in the income statement if supply and risk transfer to purchaser has taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received. Net revenue is recognised exclusive of VAT, duties and less discounts related to the sale.

Costs of goods sold

Costs of goods sold comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the core activities of the enterprise, including gains and losses on the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Other external expenses

Other external costs include expenses for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on bad debts, etc., production and quality assurance.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Investments in subsidiary enterprises and associates

The income statement of the parent company recognises the proportional share of the results of each subsidiary enterprise after full elimination of internal gains/loss and deduction of amortisation of goodwill.

The consolidated income statement and the parent company income statement recognise the proportional share of the results of each associate after elimination of the proportional share of internal gains/loss and deduction of amortisation of goodwill.

Financial income and expenses in general

Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from investments in financial assets, debt and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as charges and allowances under the tax-on-account scheme etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement by the amounts that relate to the financial year.

Tax on profit for the year

The tax for the year, which consists of the current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion that can be attributed to the profit for the year, and is recognised directly in the equity by the portion that can be attributed to entries directly to the equity.

The parent and all Danish group enterprises are jointly taxed. The Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit-making and loss-making Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable income (full allocation method)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BALANCE SHEET

Intangible fixed assets

Acquired goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life which is estimated to 5-10 years.

Acquired licences and other rights are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Licences and other rights are amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life which is estimated to 5 years.

Tangible fixed assets

Land and buildings, production plant and machinery, other plants, fixtures and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and write-down. No depreciation is provided on land.

The depreciation base is cost less estimated residual value after end of useful life.

The cost includes the acquisition price and costs incurred directly in connection with the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be used. As regards self-manufactured assets, the cost price includes cost of materials, components, subcontractors, direct payroll and indirect production costs.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of an assessment of the expected useful lives of the assets and their residual value as follows:

	Useful life	Residual value
Buildings (administration)	20 years	50% of cost
Buildings (Cold store and production)	20 years	0%
Production plant and machinery	3-10 years	0%
Other plants, fixtures and equipment	3-10 years	0%

Profit or loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets is stated as the difference between the sales price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the time of sale. Profit or loss is recognised as other operating income and expenses in the income statement.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation. If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Lease contracts

Lease contracts relating to tangible fixed assets where the company bears all material risks and benefits attached to the ownership (finance lease) are recognised as assets in the balance sheet. The assets are at the initial recognition measured at calculated cost equal to the lower of fair value and present value of the future lease payments. The internal interest rate of the lease contract is used as discounting factor or an approximate value when calculating the present value. Finance lease assets are depreciated similarly to the company's other tangible fixed assets.

The capitalised residual lease liability is recognised in the balance sheet as a liability and the interest portion of the lease payment is recognised in the income statement over the term of the contract.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fixed asset investments

Investments in subsidiary enterprises and associates are measured in the parent company balance sheet under the equity method.

Investments in subsidiary enterprises and associates are measured in the balance sheet at the proportional share of the enterprises' carrying equity value, calculated in accordance with the parent company's accounting policies with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition or deduction of the residual value of positive or negative goodwill calculated in accordance with the acquisition method.

Net revaluation of investments in subsidiary enterprises and associates is transferred under the equity to reserve for net revaluation under the equity value method to the extent that the carrying amount exceeds the acquisition value with deduction of amortisation of goodwill.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost based on weighted average prices. If the net realisable value is lower than cost, write-down is provided to the lower value.

The cost of inventories is calculated at acquisition price with addition of direct payroll costs, transportation and similar costs.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress includes cost of raw materials, consumables, direct payroll cost and indirect production cost. Indirect production costs include indirect materials and payroll and maintenance and depreciation of the machines, factory buildings and equipment used in the production process, cost of factory administration and management.

The net realisable value of inventories is stated at sales price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute the sale and is determined with due regard to marketability, obsolescence and development in expected sales price.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. Write-down is provided to meet expected losses.

Accruals

Accruals recognised as assets include costs incurred relating to the subsequent financial year.

Other securities and investments

Securities recognised as current assets, comprise public quoted securities that are measured at fair market value (quoted price) on the balance sheet date.

Dividend

Dividends proposed for the reporting period are presented as a separate item under 'Equity'.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Tax payable and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and receivable current tax are recognised in the balance sheet as the calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and taxes paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that under the legislation in force on the balance sheet date will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the time of borrowing by the amount of proceeds received less transaction costs. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost equal to the capitalised value when using the effective interest, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value being recognised in the income statement over the term of loan.

Mortgage debt is measured at amortised cost which for cash loans is equal to the debt outstanding and for bond loans is equal to the debt outstanding, calculated on the basis of the underlying cash value of the loan at the time of borrowing.

Other liabilities which include debt to suppliers, subsidiaries and associates and other debt are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

The capitalised residual lease liability on finance lease contracts is also recognised as financial liabilities.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised first time in the balance sheet at cost and are subsequently measured at fair value. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are included in other receivables or other debt. The fair value of derivative financial instruments is calculated based on market data received from the company's bank.

Change of the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are not classified as hedging instruments are recognized in the income statement as financial income or expenses.

Change of the fair value of derivative financial instruments, classified as and fulfilling the criteria for hedging of the fair value of a recognised asset or liability, is recognised in the income statement together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or the hedged liability.

Change of the fair value of derivative financial instruments, classified as and fulfilling the criteria for hedging of future cash flows, is recognised temporarily in the equity until the hedged transaction is carried out. If the future transaction results in recognition in assets or liabilities, the value of the hedging instrument is to be transferred from equity to the cost of the asset or the liability. If the future transaction results in income or expenses, the value of the hedging instrument is to be transferred to the income statement

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The cash flow statement shows the company's and the group's cash flows for the year for operating activities, investing activities and financing activities in the year, the change in cash and cash equivalents of the year and cash and cash equivalents at beginning and end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities:

Cash flows from operating activities are computed as the results for the year adjusted for non-cash operating items, changes in net working capital and corporation tax paid.

Cash flows from investing activities:

Cash flows from investing activities include payments in connection with purchase and sale of intangible and tangible fixed asset and fixed asset investments.

Cash flows from financing activities:

Cash flows from financing activities include changes in the size or composition of share capital and related costs, and borrowings and repayment of interest-bearing debt and payment of dividend to shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include bank overdraft and liquid funds.