

## **Risingsvej. Odense A/S**

Anelystparken 16  
8381 Tilst  
CVR No. 10888905

### **Annual report 2021**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the  
annual report on 16.06.2022

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**Henrik Nebelong**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# Entity details

## Entity

Risingsvej, Odense A/S

Anelystparken 16

8381 Tilst

Business Registration No.: 10888905

Registered office: Aarhus

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

## Board of Directors

Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen

Henrik Nebelong

Bernd Goerg Burkard

## Executive Board

Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen

## Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Egtved Allé 4

6000 Kolding

# Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Risingsvej. Odense A/S for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus, 10.06.2022

## Executive Board

**Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen**

## Board of Directors

**Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen**

**Henrik Nebelong**

**Bernd Goerg Burkard**

# Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholder of Risingsvej. Odense A/S

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Risingsvej. Odense A/S for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Kolding, 10.06.2022

**Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR No. 33963556

**Morten Almtoft Lund**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne41365

# Management commentary

## Primary activities

The company's property is located in Odense and has been leased to BAUHAUS Danmark A/S throughout the financial period as a DIY superstore.



# Income statement for 2021

|  | Notes | 2021<br>DKK       | 2020<br>DKK       |
|--|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Revenue  |       | 13,990,534        | 13,950,060        |
| Other external expenses                          |       | (454,965)         | (321,892)         |
| <b>Gross profit/loss</b>                         |       | <b>13,535,569</b> | <b>13,628,168</b> |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses | 1     | (3,704,985)       | (4,083,713)       |
| <b>Operating profit/loss</b>                     |       | <b>9,830,584</b>  | <b>9,544,455</b>  |
| Other financial income                           | 2     | 244,290           | 211,156           |
| Other financial expenses                         |       | (62,828)          | (66,351)          |
| <b>Profit/loss before tax</b>                    |       | <b>10,012,046</b> | <b>9,689,260</b>  |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year                  | 3     | (2,202,649)       | (2,216,834)       |
| <b>Profit/loss for the year</b>                  |       | <b>7,809,397</b>  | <b>7,472,426</b>  |
| <b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss:</b> |       |                   |                   |
| Ordinary dividend for the financial year         |       | 7,000,000         | 7,000,000         |
| Retained earnings                                |       | 809,397           | 472,426           |
| <b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>  |       | <b>7,809,397</b>  | <b>7,472,426</b>  |

# Balance sheet at 31.12.2021

## Assets

|                                      | Notes | 2021<br>DKK       | 2020<br>DKK       |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Land and buildings                   |       | 40,448,180        | 44,153,165        |
| <b>Property, plant and equipment</b> | 4     | <b>40,448,180</b> | <b>44,153,165</b> |
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                  |       | <b>40,448,180</b> | <b>44,153,165</b> |
| Receivables from group enterprises   |       | 22,915,157        | 18,471,100        |
| Deferred tax                         |       | 156,672           | 0                 |
| <b>Receivables</b>                   |       | <b>23,071,829</b> | <b>18,471,100</b> |
| <b>Current assets</b>                |       | <b>23,071,829</b> | <b>18,471,100</b> |
| <b>Assets</b>                        |       | <b>63,520,009</b> | <b>62,624,265</b> |

**Equity and liabilities**

|  | <b>Notes</b> | <b>2021<br/>DKK</b> | <b>2020<br/>DKK</b> |
|--|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Contributed capital  | 5            | 500,000             | 500,000             |
| Retained earnings  |              | 42,946,498          | 42,137,101          |
| Proposed dividend  |              | 7,000,000           | 7,000,000           |
| <b>Equity</b>  |              | <b>50,446,498</b>   | <b>49,637,101</b>   |
| Deferred tax   |              | 0                   | 9,912               |
| <b>Provisions</b>  |              | <b>0</b>            | <b>9,912</b>        |
| Mortgage debt  |              | 5,991,352           | 7,335,680           |
| <b>Non-current liabilities other than provisions</b>             | <b>6</b>     | <b>5,991,352</b>    | <b>7,335,680</b>    |
| Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions | 6            | 1,345,560           | 1,344,911           |
| Trade payables   |              | 21,500              | 21,000              |
| Payables to group enterprises                                    |              | 2,381,537           | 150,778             |
| Joint taxation contribution payable                              |              | 2,369,233           | 2,381,537           |
| Other payables   |              | 964,329             | 1,743,346           |
| <b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>                 |              | <b>7,082,159</b>    | <b>5,641,572</b>    |
| <b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>                         |              | <b>13,073,511</b>   | <b>12,977,252</b>   |
| <b>Equity and liabilities</b>                                    |              | <b>63,520,009</b>   | <b>62,624,265</b>   |
| Employees  | 7            |                     |                     |
| Contingent liabilities   | 8            |                     |                     |
| Assets charged and collateral                                    | 9            |                     |                     |
| Related parties with controlling interest                        | 10           |                     |                     |
| Group relations  | 11           |                     |                     |

# Statement of changes in equity for 2021

|                           | Contributed<br>capital<br>DKK | Retained<br>earnings<br>DKK | Proposed<br>dividend<br>DKK | Total<br>DKK      |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Equity beginning of year  | 500,000                       | 42,137,101                  | 7,000,000                   | 49,637,101        |
| Ordinary dividend paid    | 0                             | 0                           | (7,000,000)                 | (7,000,000)       |
| Profit/loss for the year  | 0                             | 809,397                     | 7,000,000                   | 7,809,397         |
| <b>Equity end of year</b> | <b>500,000</b>                | <b>42,946,498</b>           | <b>7,000,000</b>            | <b>50,446,498</b> |

# Notes

## 1 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

|   | 2021<br>DKK      | 2020<br>DKK      |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 3,704,985        | 4,083,713        |
|   | <b>3,704,985</b> | <b>4,083,713</b> |

## 2 Other financial income

|   | 2021<br>DKK    | 2020<br>DKK    |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Financial income from group enterprises | 244,290        | 211,156        |
|   | <b>244,290</b> | <b>211,156</b> |

## 3 Tax on profit/loss for the year

|                                      | 2021<br>DKK      | 2020<br>DKK      |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Current tax                          | 2,369,233        | 2,381,537        |
| Change in deferred tax               | (166,584)        | (250,088)        |
| Adjustment concerning previous years | 0                | 85,385           |
|                                      | <b>2,202,649</b> | <b>2,216,834</b> |

## 4 Property, plant and equipment

|   | Land and<br>buildings<br>DKK |
|---|------------------------------|
| Cost beginning of year                                | 100,571,048                  |
| <b>Cost end of year</b>                               | <b>100,571,048</b>           |
| Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year  | (56,417,883)                 |
| Depreciation for the year                             | (3,704,985)                  |
| <b>Depreciation and impairment losses end of year</b> | <b>(60,122,868)</b>          |
| <b>Carrying amount end of year</b>                    | <b>40,448,180</b>            |

## 5 Share capital

|                 | Number    | Par value<br>DKK | Nominal<br>value<br>DKK |
|-----------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Ordinary shares | 48        | 10,000           | 480,000                 |
| Ordinary shares | 20        | 1,000            | 20,000                  |
|                 | <b>68</b> |                  | <b>500,000</b>          |

## 6 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

|               | Due within 12<br>months<br>2021<br>DKK | Due within 12<br>months<br>2020<br>DKK | Due after<br>more than 12<br>months<br>2021<br>DKK | Outstanding<br>after 5 years<br>2021<br>DKK |
|---------------|--|--|--|---|
| Mortgage debt | 1,345,560                              | 1,344,911                              | 5,991,352  | 1,511,424                                   |
|               | <b>1,345,560</b>                       | <b>1,344,911</b>                       | <b>5,991,352</b>                                   | <b>1,511,424</b>                            |

## 7 Employees

Average number of full-time employees is 0.

## 8 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where BAUHAUS Danmark A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

## 9 Assets charged and collateral

Mortgage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties.

The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is 40.448 t.kr. as of 31.12.2021.

## 10 Related parties with controlling interest

Anelystparken Holding A/S - Anelystparken 16, 8381 Tilst owns all shares in the Entity, thus exercising control.

## 11 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Anelystparken Holding A/S, Tilst.

# Accounting policies

## Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

## Changes in accounting policies

The Entity has changed its accounting policies with regard to property, plant and equipment. The mentioned was earlier measured at cost plus revaluation. The Entity has changed its accounting policies to align with group accounting policies so that investment properties are measured at cost less depreciation.

The change in accounting policies has led to an increase in retained earnings of DKK 5.466.678 and a decrease in revaluations reserve of DKK 5.466.678. Consequently, the change in accounting policies has led to a decrease of revaluations of DKK 7.008.561 and a decrease in depreciations of DKK 7.008.561 for the year 2020.

The comparative figures have been restated following the change in accounting policies.

Apart from the areas mentioned above, the annual report has been presented applying the accounting policies consistent with last year.

## Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Income statement

### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

### Other external expenses

Revenue relates to rental income, which is accrued and recognized in the income statement in line with the

acquisition of rights. Revenue is recognized excluding VAT, taxes and discounts and is measured at the fair value of the determined consideration.

### **Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses**

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment.

### **Other financial income**

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### **Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### **Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

## **Balance sheet**

### **Property, plant and equipment**

Land and buildings, plant and machinery, and other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation. For self-constructed assets, cost comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, subsuppliers and labour costs. For assets held under finance leases, cost is the lower of the asset's fair value and present value of future lease payments.

Indirect production costs in the form of indirectly attributable staff costs and amortisation of intangible assets and depreciation of property, plant and equipment used in the development process are recognised in cost based on time spent on each asset.

Interest expenses on loans for the financing of the manufacture of property, plant and equipment are included in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period. All other finance costs are recognised in the income statement.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

|           |             |
|-----------|-------------|
| Buildings | 25-33 years |
|-----------|-------------|

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.



Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

**Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

**Dividend**

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

**Mortgage debt**

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

**Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

**Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable**

Current joint taxation contributions receivable or joint taxation contributions payable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.