Amager Strandvej 60-64, 3. 2300 Copenhagen S Business Registration No 10138094

Annual report 2018

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 31.05.2019

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Tina Øster Larsen

Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Entity details	1
Statement by Management on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management commentary	6
Income statement for 2018	7
Balance sheet at 31.12.2018	8
Statement of changes in equity for 2018	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	13

Entity details

Entity

SIHSKA A/S Amager Strandvej 60-64, 3. 2300 Copenhagen S

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 10138094

Registered in: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018

Board of Directors

Knut Jan Kleiven Lars Gordon Nielsen Sven Gösta Andreas Fondell Inigo Capell Arrieta Eva-Maria Margaretha Erauw

Executive Board

Gopal Krishan Sawhney, Chief Executive Officer

Entity auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of SIHSKA A/S for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 31.05.2019

Executive Board

Gopal Krishan Sawhney

Chief Executive Officer

Board of Directors

Knut Jan Kleiven

Inigo Capell Arrieta

Lars Gordon Nielsen

Eva-Maria Margaretha Erauw

Sven Gösta Andreas Fondell

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of SIHSKA A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31.12.2018, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 – 31.12.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the financial statements of SIHSKA A/S for the financial year 01.01.2018 – 31.12.2018, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as
fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in management commentary.

Hellerup, 31.05.2019

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No (CVR) 33771231

Ulrik Ræbild

State-Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne33262

Steffen Kar Pedersen

State-Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne34357

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Entity's activity has up to 2018 been a 50% ownership of Radisson Royal Hotel Beijing Co. Ltd. in which the objective was to own and run a first class hotel in Beijing, China. The hotel is located near the China International Exhibition Centre, which is the Chinese hotel business partner.

The entity has during the financial year sold it's shares in Radisson Royal Hotel Beijing Co. Ltd.

Development in activities and finances

Profit for the year amounts to DKK 16.678 thousand, which is primarily due to the sale of shares. The profit for the year is considered satisfactory.

Income statement for 2018

	Notes	2018 DKK'000	2017 DKK'000
Gross loss		(45)	(45)
Income from investments in joint ventures		23.579	7.123
Other financial income	2	60	0
Other financial expenses	3	(280)	(310)
Profit/loss before tax		23.314	6.768
Tax on profit/loss for the year		(6.636)	(1.489)
Profit/loss for the year		16.678	5.279
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		16.678	5.279
		16.678	5.279

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	Notes	2018 DKK'000	2017 DKK'000
Receivables from joint ventures		0	74.774
Investments in joint ventures		0	0
Fixed asset investments		0	74.774
Fixed assets		0	74.774
Receivables from group enterprises		73.139	0
Income tax receivable		0	1.479
Receivables		73.139	1.479
Current assets		73.139	1.479
Assets		73.139	76.253

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	Notes_	2018 DKK'000	2017 DKK'000
Contributed capital		3.000	3.000
Retained earnings		63.986	42.848
Equity		66.986	45.848
Payables to group enterprises		0	30.360
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		0	30.360
Income tax payable		6.108	0
Other payables		45	45
Current liabilities other than provisions		6.153	45
Liabilities other than provisions		6.153	30.405
Equity and liabilities		73.139	76.253
Events after the balance sheet date	1		
Contingent liabilities	4		
Related parties with controlling interest	5		
Group relations	6		

Statement of changes in equity for 2018

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	3.000	42.848	45.848
Exchange rate adjustments	0	4.460	4.460
Profit/loss for the year	0	16.678	16.678
Equity end of year	3.000	63.986	66.986

Notes

1. Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report

	2018 DKK'000	2017 DKK'000
2. Other financial income		
Financial income arising from group enterprises	60	0
	60	0
	2018	2017
	DKK'000	DKK'000
3. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	280_	310
	280	310

4. Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries of the Radisson Group and other Danish entities controlled by Jin Jiang International Holdings Co., Ltd. The Company has unlimited joint and several liability for Danish corporation taxes and withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties under the joint taxation scheme.

The Company is jointly and severally liable with the jointly registered group enterprises for the total VAT liability.

On June 29, 2018, Radisson Hotel Holdings AB (publ) entered into a Super Senior Multicurrency Revolving Facility Agreement ('SSRCF') with J.P. Morgan Securities PLC as mandated lead arranger.

On July 6, 2018, Radisson Hotel Holdings AB (publ) issued 250.000.000EUR Senior Secured Notes ('Bond') due 2023.

For both transactions above, Radisson Hotel Holdings AB (publ), has agreed to provide security to its creditors through share pledges on several of its direct and indirect subsidiaries, pledges on (intra-group) receivables and bank accounts, as well as assignment of rights in relation to certain agreements.

SIHSKA A/S is one of the direct and indirect subsidiaries who's shares or assets have been included in the security uptake.

Notes

5. Related parties with controlling interest

Related parties with a controlling interest in SIHSKA A/S:

Name	Registered office	Basic of influence
Radisson Hotels ApS Danmark	Copenhagen	Parent
Radisson Hospitality Denmark ApS	Copenhagen	Parent
Radisson Hospitality Holding AB	Stockholm	Parent
Radisson Hotel Group AB	Stockholm	Parent
Aplite Holdings AB	Stockholm	Parent
Jin Jiang International Holdings Co., Ltd.	Shanghai, China	Ultimate Parent

6. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:

Jin Jiang International Holdings Co., Ltd., Shanghai, China The consolidated financial statements are not published.

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Radisson Hotel Group AB, Stockholm, Sweden Group accounts are available at www.radissonhotelgroup.com

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Referring to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statement Act. the income statement starts at gross profit or loss. Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for administration etc.

Accounting policies

Income from investments in joint ventures

Income from investments in joint ventures comprises the pro rata share of the individual joint venture's profit/loss after elimination of intra-group profits or losses as well as exchange rate adjustments, sale of shares or repayment of receivables from joint ventures.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprise interest income as well as realised and unrealised capital gains on payables and transactions in foreign currencies.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses as well as realised and unrealised capital losses on payables and transactions foreign currencies.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries in the Radisson Group and other Danish companies controlled by Jin Jiang International Holdings Co., Ltd. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in joint ventures are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the joint ventures equity value.

Joint ventures with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these joint ventures are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant joint venture, and it is probable that such obligation is imminent, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs deemed necessary to incur to settle the obligation.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in joint ventures is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Investments in joint ventures are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, equalling nominal value, less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

Accounting policies

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which corresponds to nominal value.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.