

# **FLEETFINDER ApS**

Vangen 3  
9800 Hjørring  
CVR no. 10 09 31 55

## **Annual report for 2020**

Adopted at the annual general  
meeting on 27 April 2021



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David Gerard Norton  
chairman

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## **Statement by management on the annual report**

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of FLEETFINDER ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Hjørring, 27 April 2021

**Executive board**  
  
David Gerard Norton  
Director

## **Independent auditor's report**

### ***To the shareholder of FLEETFINDER ApS***

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of FLEETFINDER ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Management's responsibilities for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

## **Independent auditor's report**

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## **Independent auditor's report**

### **Statement on management's review**

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Hellerup, 27 April 2021

PricewaterhouseCoopers  
Statsautoriseret revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR no. 33 77 12 31

Jesper Bo Winther  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
MNE no. mne26864

Thomas Lauritsen  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
MNE no. mne34342

## Selskabsoplysninger

<b>Selskabet</b>	FLEETFINDER ApS Vangen 3 9800 Hjørring
	CVR-nr.: 10 09 31 55
	Regnskabsperiode: 1 January - 31 December 2020
	Stiftet: 1 October 2002
	Regnskabsår: 18. regnskabsår
	Hjemsted: Hjørring
<b>Direktion</b>	David Gerard Norton, director
<b>Revision</b>	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup

## **Management's review**

### **Business review**

The Companys has defined it's social mission to be a sustainable provider for a connected world. The Business consist of fleet management, telemetry and sale of portable navigation equipment and related solutions.

### **Financial review**

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2020 shows a loss of DKK 82.732, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows equity of DKK 1.855.525.

### **Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

## **Accounting policies**

The annual report of FLEETFINDER ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2020 is presented in DKK

### **Basis of recognition and measurement**

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

## **Income statement**

### **Gross profit**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue and other external expenses.

### **Revenue**

Income is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and other indirect taxes. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses related to sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

### **Staff costs**

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

### **Tax on profit/loss for the year**

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

## **Balance sheet**

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

### **Prepayments**

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial year.

### **Income tax and deferred tax**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

## **Accounting policies**

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

### **Liabilities**

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

### **Deferred income**

Deferred income recognised under 'Current liabilities' comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial years.

## Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>461.214</b>	<b>3.762.126</b>
Staff costs	1	-296.887	-3.561.013
<b>Profit/loss before amortisation/depreciation and impairment losses</b>		<b>164.327</b>	<b>201.113</b>
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		0	-27.933
<b>Profit/loss before net financials</b>		<b>164.327</b>	<b>173.180</b>
Financial income		11.443	18.773
Financial costs	2	-11.420	-21.663
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>164.350</b>	<b>170.290</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-247.082	-78.848
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>-82.732</b>	<b>91.442</b>
Retained earnings		-82.732	91.442
		<b>-82.732</b>	<b>91.442</b>

## Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
<b>Assets</b>			
Deposits		0	97.650
<b>Fixed asset investments</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>97.650</b>
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>97.650</b>
Trade receivables		2.387.495	2.453.445
Prepayments		7.854	119.776
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>2.395.349</b>	<b>2.573.221</b>
<b>Cash at bank and in hand</b>		<b>952.091</b>	<b>713.791</b>
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>3.347.440</b>	<b>3.287.012</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>3.347.440</b>	<b>3.384.662</b>

## Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
Share capital		135.000	135.000
Retained earnings		1.720.525	1.803.257
<b>Equity</b>		<b>1.855.525</b>	<b>1.938.257</b>
Trade payables		18.357	175.890
Payables to subsidiaries		542.384	175.877
Joint taxation contributions payable		247.082	78.848
Other payables		684.092	963.519
Deferred income		0	52.271
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>1.491.915</b>	<b>1.446.405</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>1.491.915</b>	<b>1.446.405</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>3.347.440</b>	<b>3.384.662</b>
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## **Statement of changes in equity**

	<b>Share capital</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Equity at 1 January 2020</b>	135.000	1.803.257	1.938.257
<b>Net profit/loss for the year</b>	0	-82.732	-82.732
<b>Equity at 31 December 2020</b>	<b>135.000</b>	<b>1.720.525</b>	<b>1.855.525</b>

## Notes

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
<b>1 Staff costs</b>		
Wages and salaries	260.359	2.665.284
Pensions	25.930	415.880
Other social security costs	10.598	21.990
Other staff costs	0	457.859
	<b>296.887</b>	<b>3.561.013</b>
Average number of employees	1	3
<b>2 Financial costs</b>		
Other financial costs	11.420	21.663
	<b>11.420</b>	<b>21.663</b>
<b>3 Tax on profit/loss for the year</b>		
Current tax for the year	247.082	78.848
	<b>247.082</b>	<b>78.848</b>
<b>4 Contingent liabilities, Mortgages and collateral</b>		

### Mortgages and collateral

Company charges on the Company's assets totalling a value of DKK 1.000.000 have been provided as security for banks.

### Other contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with its danish group entities. The entities are jointly and severally liable for danish income taxes as well as withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties payable by the group of jointly taxed entities. Any subsequent corrections of income taxes and withholding taxes may increase the tax payable by the entities. The group as such is not liable to any third parties.

## **Notes**

### **5 Related parties and ownership structure**

The financial statements of ABAX Danmark A/S are included in the consolidated financial statements of ABAX Group AS.

The annual report for the Group may be obtained at the following address:

ABAX Group AS  
Hammergata 24  
3264 Larvik  
Norway

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## Thomas Lauritsen

Statsautoriseret revisor

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## Jesper Bo Winther

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