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Stamholmen ApS

Kay Fiskers Plads 11 2300 Copenhagen S Central Business Registration No 10092116

Annual report 2017

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 23.03.2018

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Bolette Wildt

Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Entity details	1
Statement by Management on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management commentary	6
Income statement for 2017	7
Balance sheet at 31.12.2017	8
Statement of changes in equity for 2017	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	13

Entity details

Entity

Stamholmen ApS Kay Fiskers Plads 11 2300 Copenhagen S

Central Business Registration No: 10092116

Founded: 24.09.2002 Registered in: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017

Executive Board

Carsten Hjorth Jensen Bolette Wildt

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 P.O. Box 1600 0900 Copenhagen C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Stamholmen ApS for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 23.03.2018

Executive Board

Carsten Hjorth Jensen

Bolette Wildt

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Stamholmen ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Stamholmen ApS for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 23.03.2018

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Flemming Larsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification number (MNE) mne27790

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's object is trade and investment, including acquisition and management of real property.

Development in activities and finances

The income statement shows a loss of DKK 420,375, and the balance sheet shows equity of DKK 15,778,475 at 31.12.2017.

The performance for the year is considered satisfactory.

Since its establishment in the autumn of 2002, the Company has incurred project engineering expenses relating to the Company's land of approximately 18,800 square metres. Presently, the expenses have not resulted in the initiation of any final project.

The Company will continue in the coming year to make efforts to negotiate a property project for long-term lease purposes.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2017

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DKK
Falson los addicatos acta affician atomatica acta and a		(100.000)	0
Fair value adjustments of investment property		(100,000)	0
Other external expenses		(417,226)	(446,056)
Operating profit/loss		(517,226)	(446,056)
Other financial income		198	0
Other financial expenses	1	(21,969)	(67,379)
Profit/loss before tax		(538,997)	(513,435)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	118,622	112,956
Profit/loss for the year		(420,375)	(400,479)
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		(420,375)	(400,479)
		(420,375)	(400,479)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

		2017	2016
	<u>Notes</u>	DKK	DKK
Investment property		19,200,000	19,300,000
Property, plant and equipment	3	19,200,000	19,300,000
Fixed assets		19,200,000	19,300,000
Other receivables		1,250	21,674
Joint taxation contribution receivable		96,622	112,957
Receivables		97,872	134,631
Cash		290,127	326,469
Current assets		387,999	461,100
Assets		19,587,999	19,761,100

Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	<u>Notes</u>	2017 DKK	2016 DKK
Contributed capital		1,000,000	1,000,000
Share premium		14,000,000	14,000,000
Retained earnings		778,475	1,198,850
Equity		15,778,475	16,198,850
Deferred tax		1,451,705	1,473,705
Provisions		1,451,705	1,473,705
Trade payables		50,002	61,175
Payables to group enterprises		2,307,817	2,000,870
Other payables		0	26,500
Current liabilities other than provisions		2,357,819	2,088,545
Liabilities other than provisions		2,357,819	2,088,545
Equity and liabilities		19,587,999	19,761,100
Contingent liabilities	4		
Group relations	5		

Statement of changes in equity for 2017

	Contributed		Retained	
	capital	Share premium	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity				
beginning of	1,000,000	14,000,000	1,198,850	16,198,850
year				
Profit/loss for	0	0	(420,375)	(420,375)
the year			(120/070)	
Equity end of year	1,000,000	14,000,000	778,475	15,778,475

Notes

	2017	2016
	DKK	DKK
1. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	18,103	66,861
Other financial expenses	3,866	518
	21,969_	67,379
	2017	2016
	DKK	DKK
2. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Tax on current year taxable income	(96,622)	(112,956)
Change in deferred tax for the year	(22,000)	0
	(118,622)	(112,956)
		Investment
		property
		DKK
3. Property, plant and equipment		
Cost beginning of year		12,284,666
Cost end of year		12,284,666
Fair value adjustments beginning of year		7,015,334
Fair value adjustments for the year		(100,000)
Fair value adjustments end of year		6,915,334
Carrying amount end of year		19,200,000

The Company's investment property consists of land subsequently to be developed for production and industrial purposes. The land is approximately 18,800 square metres with a maximum building density of 40%. The fair value of building rights has been stated at an average price per square metre of DKK 2,550 (remains unchanged from 2015). An external valuer has assisted in the valuation of the building rights. The public land assessment of the property was DKK 9.4 million at 01.10.2016.

Notes

4. Contingent liabilities

The Company participates in a new Danish joint taxation arrangement in which Ferring Pharmaceuticals A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore alternatively liable from the financial year 2016 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, but only for the share by which the Company is included in the Group. The total known net liability of the jointly taxed entities under the joint taxation arrangement is evident from the administration company's financial statements. Previously, the Company participated in another Danish joint taxation arrangement and is thus still liable for obligations that have arisen in the joint taxation period of this joint taxation group.

5. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Ferring B.V., Polarisavenue 144, 2132 JX Hoofddorp, the Netherlands

The consolidated financial statements of Ferring B.V. may be obtained at the following address:

Ferring B.V.
Polarisavenue 144
2132 JX Hoofddorp
The Netherlands

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Fair value adjustments of investment property

Fair value adjustment of investment property comprises adjustments for the financial year of the Entity's investment properties measured at fair value at the balance sheet date.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the administration of the property, real property tax, maintenance, etc.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses on payables to group enterprises.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Accounting policies

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Investment property

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost consisting of the acquisition price of the properties plus directly related acquisition costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value which is equivalent to the amount at which the individual property may be sold to an independent buyer at the balance sheet date.

The fair value is calculated by Management together with real property advisors. For the purpose of estimating the market value of building rights per square metre, the residual value is calculated, i.e. the estimated sales price less costs relating to construction, development, hookup, marketing, various advisory fees, interest during construction as well as a developer's fee.

Fair value adjustments for the financial year are recognised in the income statement.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Income tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.