Kigkurren 8E 3.tv

2300 Copenhagen S

CVR No. 10090067

Annual Report 2021

5. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 6 July 2022

Alex Mørch-Petersen Chairman

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Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of ArcelorMittal Commercial Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 6 July 2022

Executive Board

Alex Mørch-Petersen CEO

Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholders of ArcelorMittal Commercial Denmark ApS

REPORT ON EXTENDED REVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have performed an extended review of the Financial Statements of ArcelorMittal Commercial Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. This responsibility includes maintaining the internal control as management determines is necessary to enable preparation of Financial Statements free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Financial Statements. We have conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish standard on reports relating to small entities issued by the Danish Business Authority and FSR Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

This standard requires that we comply with the Danish State Authorised Public Accountants Act and FSR Danish Auditors' ethical requirements and plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance of our opinion on the Financial Statements and perform specially required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance of our opinion.

An extended review comprises procedures consisting primarily of questions to management and, where appropriate, other members of staff, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures, and an assessment of the evidence obtained.

The scope of work performed in an extended review is less than that of an audit and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

Opinion

Based on the work performed, it is our opinion that the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the Financial Statements it is our responsibility to read the Management's Review and to consider whether the Management's Review is significantly inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in connection with the extended review or in any other way seems to contain material misstatement.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's Review is in accordance with the

Independent Auditor's Report

Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 6 July 2022

BDO statsauthoriseret revisionsaktieselskab

CVR-no. 20222670

Iben Larsen State Authorised Public Accountant mne34474

Company details

Company ArcelorMittal Commercial Denmark ApS

Kigkurren 8E 3.tv 2300 Copenhagen S

CVR No. 10090067

Date of formation 18 June 2002

Registered office Copenhagen

Executive Board Alex Mørch-Petersen, CEO

Auditors BDO statsauthoriseret revisionsaktieselskab

CVR-no.: 20222670

Management's Review

The Company's principal activities

The Company's primary activity consists of agency trade with the Parent 's products. The products comprise products of steel sold to the industry.

Development in activities and the financial situation

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021 shows a result of DKK 1.012.397 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2021 a balance sheet total of DKK 4.112.951 and an equity of DKK 1.703.293.

Post financial year events

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The annual report of ArcelorMittal Commercial Denmark ApS for 2021 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Reporting currency

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner.

General information

Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost principle.

Income is recognised in the income statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortized cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortization, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the financial statement, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if the goods have been delivered and the risk has passed to the buyer before year-end and if the revenue can be reliably calculated and expected to be received. Revenue is recognised excluding VAT and all discounts granted are recognised in revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, operating leasing expenses etc.

Amortisation and impairment of tangible and intangible assets

Amortization and impairment of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment has been performed based on a continuing assessment of the useful life of the assets in the Company. Non-current assets are amortized on a

Accounting Policies

straight line basis, based on cost, on the basis of the following assessment of useful life and residual values:

		Residual
	Useful life	value
Properties	20-50 years	0%
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-10 years	0%
Leasehold improvements	5 years	0%

Land is not amortized.

Profit or loss resulting from the sale of intangible assets or property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of sale, and is recognised in the income statement under other operating income or expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement based at the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment of tax scheme.

Dividends from other investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is calculated taking into consideration the residual value of the asset at the end of its useful life, reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the data of acquisition. If the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, depreciation is discontinued.

In case of changes in depreciation period or residual value, the effect of a change in depreciation period is recognised prospectively in accounting estimates.

Cost includes the purchase price and expenses directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use. The cost of self-constructed assets includes costs for materials, components, subcontractors, direct payroll costs and indirect production costs.

The cost of composite asset is disaggregated into components, which are separately depreciated if the useful lives of the individual component differ.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Accounting Policies

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

Accrued income, assets

Accrued income recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

Equity

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

Current tax liabilities

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the capitalized value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Mortgage debt is accordingly measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the outstanding balance in case of cash loans. In case of bond loans, amortized cost corresponds to the outstanding balance determined as the underlying cash value of the loans at the time of borrowing adjusted for amortisation of capital losses on the loans over the repayment period.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at amortized cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

Income Statement

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Gross profit		9.549.692	7.343.369
Staff costs	1 _	-8.239.275	-6.257.052
Profit from ordinary operating activities		1.310.417	1.086.317
Financial income from group enterprises		3.389	1.608
Other financial income		184	83
Financial expences		-14.640	-8.584
Profit from ordinary activities before tax	<u> </u>	1.299.350	1.079.424
Tax expense on ordinary activities	2	-286.953	-19.184
Profit	_	1.012.397	1.060.240
Proposed distribution of results			
Proposed dividend recognised in equity		0	2.000.000
Retained earnings		1.012.397	-939.760
Distribution of profit	_	1.012.397	1.060.240

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Assets			
Deposits	3	50.078	78.597
Investments		50.078	78.597
Fixed assets		50.078	78.597
Receivables from group enterprises		3.949.847	4.652.650
Other receivables		47.131	69.675
Prepayments		4.061	0
Receivables		4.001.039	4.722.325
Cash and cash equivalents		61.834	70.735
Current assets		4.062.873	4.793.060
Assets		4.112.951	4.871.657

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2021	2020
Liabilities and equity	Note	kr.	kr.
Contributed capital		610.000	610.000
Retained earnings		1.093.293	80.894
Proposed dividend recognised in equity	_	0	2.000.000
Equity	_	1.703.293	2.690.894
Other payables		176.835	0
Long-term liabilities other than provisions	4	176.835	0
Trade payables		62.466	19.113
Payables to group enterprises		96.323	10.504
Tax payables		268.373	13.184
Other payables	_	1.805.661	2.137.962
Short-term liabilities other than provisions	_	2.232.823	2.180.763
Liabilities other than provisions within the business	_	2.409.658	2.180.763
Liabilities and equity	_	4.112.951	4.871.657
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	5		
Related parties	6		

Statement of changes in Equity

			Proposed	
	Contributed	Retained	dividend for the financial	
	capital	earnings	year	Total
Equity 1 January 2021	610.000	80.894	2.000.000	2.690.894
Dividend paid	0	0	-2.000.000	-2.000.000
Profit (loss)	0	1.012.397	0	1.012.397
Equity 31 December 2021	610.000	1.093.291	0	1.703.291

Notes

		2021	2020
1. Staff costs			
Wages and salaries		7.173.610	5.921.640
Pension costs		237.693	220.829
Other social security costs		78.765	74.523
Other staff costs		749.207	40.060
		8.239.275	6.257.052
Average number of employees		9	10
2. Tax on profit/loss on ordinary activities			
Net income tax		286.373	19.184
Adjustment of tax for previous years		580	0
		286.953	19.184
3. Deposits			
Cost at the beginning of the year		78.597	146.790
Disposals		-28.519	-68.193
Cost at the end of the year		50.078	78.597
Carrying amount at the end of the year		50.078	78.597
4. Long-term liabilities			
	Due	Due	Due
	after 1 year	within 1 year	after 5 years
Other payables	176.835	0	0
_	176.835	0	0

5. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

Operational lease contracts on car and rent have been concluded for the years 2019 to 2022 in the amount of DKK 1 103 thousand.

6. Related parties

The following shareholders are registered in the Company's register of shareholders, who owns 100% of the share capital:

ArcelorMittal Commercial Section SA 66 Rue de Luxembourg, L-4221 Esch-Sur-Alzette, Luxembourg

The financial statements af ArcelorMittal Commercial Section SA Group are available at:

ArcelorMittal Commercial Section SA 66 Rue de Luxembourg, L-4221 Esch-Sur-Alzette, Luxembourg