GEA Refrigeration Components (Nordic) A/S

Nørskovvej 1B, DK-8660 Skanderborg

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2017

CVR No 10 07 29 21

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 18/6 2018

Charlotte Louise Thorsen Chairman

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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of GEA Refrigeration Components (Nordic) A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's activities and financial matters, of the results for the year and of the Company's financial position.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Skanderborg, 31 May 2018

Executive Board

Ib René Vinther Elgaard	Ulla Michelsen	Morten Unn Hansen
CEO		

Board of Directors

Ann Tonia Jan Cuylaerts	Erik Jan Bultje	Stefanus Gerardus Broens
Chairman		

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of GEA Refrigeration Components (Nordic) A/S

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of GEA Refrigeration Components (Nordic) A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017, which comprise income statement, balance sheet and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the

Independent Auditor's Report

audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Independent Auditor's Report

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Aarhus, 31 May 2018 **KPMG** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 25 57 81 98*

Jakob Westerdahl statsautoriseret revisor mne31449

Company Information

The Company GEA Refrigeration Components (Nordic) A/S

Nørskovvej 1B

DK-8660 Skanderborg

Telephone: + 45 75 52 60 15

Website: www.gearefrigeration.com

CVR No: 10 07 29 21

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Skanderborg

Board of Directors Ann Tonia Jan Cuylaerts, Chairman

Erik Jan Bultje

Stefanus Gerardus Broens

Executive Board Ib René Vinther Elgaard, CEO

Ulla Michelsen

Morten Unn Hansen

Auditors KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Bredskifte Alle 13 DK-8210 Aarhus

Management's Review

Key activities

GEA Refrigeration Components (Nordic) A/S is a member of the Refrigeration Division of the multinational company GEA Group AG in Germany. GEA Refrigeration Components (Nordic) A/S sells compressors, chillers, condensers, valves, etc. to contracting companies doing business within refrigeration in Scandinavia.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2017 shows a profit of EUR 245,843, and at 31 December 2017 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of EUR 2,192,706.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2017	2016
		EUR	EUR
Gross profit/loss		852.125	1.274.996
Staff expenses	1	-419.383	-469.516
Other operating expenses	_	-105.362	-12.543
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		327.380	792.937
Financial expenses	_	-5.248	-8.456
Profit/loss before tax		322.132	784.481
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-76.289	-170.197
Net profit/loss for the year	-	245.843	614.284
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings	_	245.843	614.284
		245.843	614.284

Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2017	2016
		EUR	EUR
Trade receivables		30.377	108.307
Receivables from group enterprises		2.762.962	2.573.490
Other receivables		10.411	0
Deferred tax asset		55.331	7.040
Prepayments	_	0	1.798
Receivables	-	2.859.081	2.690.635
Currents assets	-	2.859.081	2.690.635
Assets	_	2.859.081	2.690.635

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2017	2016
		EUR	EUR
Share capital		67.116	67.116
Retained earnings	_	2.125.590	1.879.747
Equity	3 -	2.192.706	1.946.863
Other provisions	_	250.000	50.000
Provisions	-	250.000	50.000
Trade payables		17.335	2.967
Payables to group enterprises		180.815	346.174
Corporation tax		120.314	157.952
Other payables	_	97.911	186.679
Short-term debt	-	416.375	693.772
Debt	-	416.375	693.772
Liabilities and equity	-	2.859.081	2.690.635
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		2017	2016
1	Staff expenses	EUR	EUR
	Wages and salaries	378.657	426.371
	Pensions	27.836	24.454
	Other social security expenses	2.659	2.590
	Other staff expenses	10.231	16.101
		419.383	469.516
	Average number of employees	4	4
2	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	120.315	157.951
	Deferred tax for the year	-48.290	12.246
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	4.264	0
		76.289	170.197

3 Equity

		Retained	
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	EUR	EUR	EUR
Equity at 1 January	67.116	1.879.747	1.946.863
Net profit/loss for the year	0	245.843	245.843
Equity at 31 December	67.116	2.125.590	2.192.706

The share capital consists of 500 shares of a nominal value of EUR 1,000. No shares carry any special rights.

There have been no changes in the share capital during the last 5 years.

4 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Rental and lease obligations

Contingencies regarding leasehold amount to EUR 16 thousand.

Other contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of GEA Process Enginering A/S (CVR No. 10 05 07 15), which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

There are no security and contingent liabilitites at 31 December 2017.

5 Related parties

Ownership

The following shareholders are recorded in the Company's register of shareholders as holding at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

GEA Refrigeration Technologies GmbH

Consolidated Financial Statements

The company is included in the consolidated finansial statements of GEA Group AG, Germany.

Name Place of registered office

GEA Group AG Peter-Muller-Str. 12, 40468 Dusseldorf

The Group Annual Report of GEA Group AG may be obtained at the following address: www.geagroup.com.

6 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of GEA Refrigeration Components (Nordic) A/S for 2017 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2017 are presented in EUR.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

6 Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, revenue has not been disclosed in the Annual Report.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses other than production wages.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with affiliated companies and their subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes. The administrative company is GEA Process Enginering A/S (CVR No. 10 05 07 15).

6 Accounting Policies (continued)

Balance Sheet

Receivables

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provisions for estimated bad debts are made.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when - in consequence of an event occurred before or on the balance sheet date - the Company has a legal or constructive obligation and it is probable that economic benefits must be given up to settle the obligation.

Other provisions include warranty obligations in respect of repair work within the warranty period of . Provisions are measured and recognised based on experience with guarantee work.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

6 Accounting Policies (continued)

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.