

ApS KBUS 38 NR. 4130

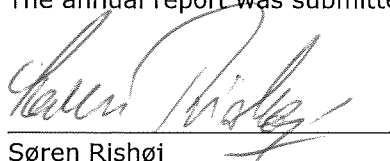
**c/o Martinsen Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab, Edison Park 4,
6715 Esbjerg N**

Annual report

2018

Company reg. no. 10 05 20 25

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 19 March 2019.



Søren Rishøj
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's report

The managing director has today presented the annual report of ApS KBUS 38 NR. 4130 for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in my opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

At the board meeting it will be decided that the annual accounts for 2019 onwards are not subject to audit. The managing director considers the requirements of omission of audit as met.

I am of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Esbjerg N, 7 March 2019

Managing Director



Michael Stuart Anderson

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of ApS KBUS 38 NR. 4130

Opinion

We have audited the annual accounts of ApS KBUS 38 NR. 4130 for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to the management's report, which explains the uncertainty regarding the valuation of investments in subsidiaries.

Our conclusion is not modified as a result of this uncertainty.

The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

Independent auditor's report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Esbjerg, 7 March 2019

Martinsen

State Authorised Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 32 28 52 01



Søren Rishøj
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne19733

Company data

The company

ApS KBUS 38 NR. 4130
c/o Martinsen Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Edison Park 4
6715 Esbjerg N

Company reg. no. 10 05 20 25
Established: 15 November 2000
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December
18th financial year

Managing Director

Michael Stuart Anderson, Postnet Suite 15, Private Bag X 153,
Bryanston 2021, Sydafrika

Auditors

Martinsen
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Edison Park 4
6715 Esbjerg N

Bankers

Sydbank A/S, Kongensgade 62, 6700 Esbjerg

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The company's only activity is the management of its holdings in the subsidiary Terrafou Holding (PTY) Ltd.

Uncertainties as to recognition or measurement

Equity Investment in group enterprise is recognised in the balance sheet as a proportional share under the equity method based on the latest annual report for the company (Terrafou Holdings Limited, Botswana).

The annual report for the company does not include an auditors opinion according to ISA standards, like the recognition of investments in underlying subsidiaries are at original cost of investment.

The valuation of the equity investment in group enterprise is therefore subject to significant uncertainty.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year is DKK -15.000 against DKK -10.375 last year. The results from ordinary activities after tax are DKK -194.093 against DKK -50.265 last year.

The management consider the results not satisfactory.

Events subsequent to the financial year

No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have material impact on the financial position of the company.

Accounting policies used

The annual report for ApS KBUS 38 NR. 4130 is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

The profit and loss account

Gross loss

The gross loss comprises the net turnover, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, work performed for own purposes and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received. The net turnover is recognised exclusive of VAT and taxes and with the deduction of any discounts granted in connection with the sale.

Rental income comprises income from the lease of property and from charged joint costs, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the period relating to the lease payment. Income from the heating account is recognised in the balance sheet as a balance among the lessees.

Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Interest and other costs concerning loans for financing the production of intangible and tangible fixed assets and concerning the production period are not recognised in the cost of the fixed asset.

Results from equity investment in group enterprise

After full elimination of intercompany profit or loss and deduction of amortisation of consolidated goodwill, the equity investment in the group enterprise is recognised in the profit and loss account at a proportional share of the group enterprise's results after tax.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

Accounting policies used

The balance sheet

Financial fixed assets

Equity investment in group enterprise

Equity investment in group enterprise is recognised in the balance sheet at a proportional share under the equity method, the value being calculated on the basis of the accounting policies of the parent company by the deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits and losses, and with the addition or deduction of residual value of positive or negative goodwill measured by applying the acquisition method.

Group enterprises and associated enterprises with negative equity are recognised without any value, and to the extent they are considered irrevocable, amounts owed by these companies are written down by the parent's share of the equity. If the negative equity exceeds the debtors, the residual amount is recognised under liability provisions to the extent the parent has a legal or actual liability to cover the negative equity of the subsidiary.

To the extent the equity exceeds the cost, the net revaluation of equity investment in group enterprise is transferred to the reserves under the equity for net revaluation as per the equity method. Dividend from group enterprise expected to be decided before the approval of this annual report are not subject to a limitation of the revaluation reserves. The reserves are adjusted by other equity movements in group enterprise.

Newly taken over or newly established companies are recognised in the annual accounts as of the time of acquisition. Sold or liquidated companies are recognised at the time of cession.

Profit or loss in connection with the sale of group enterprise is measured as the difference between the sales amount and the book value of net assets at the time of the sale, inclusive of remaining consolidated goodwill and expected costs for sale and cession. Profit and loss are recognised in the profit and loss account under net financials.

In connection with the acquisition of new group enterprises and associated enterprises, the acquisition method is applied, by which the acquirees' assets and liabilities are measured at fair value at the time of acquisition. Provisions for payment of costs for decided restructuring activities in the acquirees in relation to the acquisition are recognised. The tax effect of the revaluations carried out is taken into consideration.

Accounting policies used

Positive differences (goodwill) between cost and fair value of identifiable, acquired assets and liabilities, inclusive of liability provisions for restructuring, are recognised under equity investment in group enterprise, and they are amortised over their estimated useful life. The useful life is determined on the basis of the management's experience with the individual business areas. The amortisation period is maximum 20 years, being the longer for strategic acquirees with a strong market position and a long-range earnings potential. The book value of goodwill is evaluated currently and written down in the profit and loss account in those cases where the book value exceeds the expected future net income from the enterprise or the activity, to which the goodwill is attached.

Debtors

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

Available funds

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities related to borrowings are recognised at the received proceeds with the deduction of transaction costs incurred. In following periods, the financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value by use of the effective interest. The difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the profit and loss account during the term of the loan.

Mortgage debt and bank debt are for instance measured at amortised cost. As to cash loans, this corresponds to the outstanding debt of the loan. For bond loans, the amortised cost corresponds to an outstanding debt calculated as the underlying cash value at the date of borrowing adjusted by amortisation of the market value adjustment on the date of the borrowing carried out over the repayment period.

Also capitalised residual leasing liabilities in connection with financial leasing contracts are recognised in the financial liabilities.

Liabilities relating to investment properties are measured at amortised cost.

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Gross loss	-15.000	-10.375
Income from equity investment in group enterprise	-25.569	-38.551
1 Writedown relating to financial assets	-150.000	0
2 Other financial costs	-3.524	-1.339
Results before tax	-194.093	-50.265
Tax on ordinary results	0	0
Results for the year	-194.093	-50.265
 Proposed distribution of the results:		
Allocated from results brought forward	-194.093	-50.265
Distribution in total	-194.093	-50.265

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<u>Note</u>		
Fixed assets		
3 Equity investment in group enterprise	<u>622.599</u>	<u>648.168</u>
Financial fixed assets in total	<u>622.599</u>	<u>648.168</u>
Fixed assets in total	<u>622.599</u>	<u>648.168</u>
Current assets		
Amounts owed by group enterprises	<u>0</u>	<u>150.000</u>
Debtors in total	<u>0</u>	<u>150.000</u>
Available funds	<u>4.412</u>	<u>149</u>
Current assets in total	<u>4.412</u>	<u>150.149</u>
Assets in total	<u>627.011</u>	<u>798.317</u>

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities			
<u>Note</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
	Equity		
4	Contributed capital	575.500	575.500
5	Results brought forward	-6.389	187.704
	Equity in total	<u>569.111</u>	<u>763.204</u>
	Liabilities		
	Trade creditors	10.000	8.000
	Other debts	47.900	27.113
	Short-term liabilities in total	<u>57.900</u>	<u>35.113</u>
	Liabilities in total	<u>57.900</u>	<u>35.113</u>
	Equity and liabilities in total	<u>627.011</u>	<u>798.317</u>

6 Mortgage and securities

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	2018	2017
1. Writedown relating to financial assets		
Previous years capital injections reversed	150.000	0
	150.000	0
2. Other financial costs		
Other financial costs	3.524	1.339
	3.524	1.339
3. Equity investment in group enterprise		
Acquisition sum, opening balance 1 January 2018	8.784.791	8.784.791
Cost 31 December 2018	8.784.791	8.784.791
Revaluations, opening balance 1 January 2018	-8.136.623	-8.098.072
Results for the year before goodwill amortisation	-25.569	-38.551
Revaluation 31 December 2018	-8.162.192	-8.136.623
Book value 31 December 2018	622.599	648.168

The financial highlights for the enterprise according to the latest approved annual report

	Share of ownershi p	Equity	Results for the year	Book value at ApS KBUS 38 NR. 4130
Terrafou Holdings (PTY) Ltd.,	100 %	691.606	13.524	622.599

4. Contributed capital		
Contributed capital 1 January 2018	575.500	575.500
	575.500	575.500

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	<u>31/12 2018</u>	<u>31/12 2017</u>
5. Results brought forward		
Results brought forward 1 January 2018	187.704	237.969
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	<u>-194.093</u>	<u>-50.265</u>
	<u>-6.389</u>	<u>187.704</u>

6. Mortgage and securities

None